ALCOHOL USE DISORDER

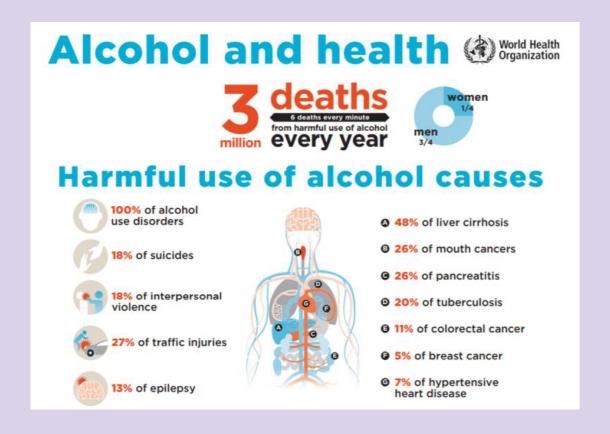
Alcohol Use Disorder (AUD) is characterized by a pattern of experiencing difficulty in controlling your drinking, feeling preoccupied with alcohol and continuing to drink even though it creates major problems in your life and the lives of those around you

(The Mayo Clinic).



Alcohol Use Disorder is a chronic health condition that is <u>treatable</u> with the potential of <u>full recovery</u> (Canadian Alcohol

Use Disorder Society). However, there are 25 chronic diseases and conditions that are attributable to AUD including increased risk for certain cancers, cardiovascular and digestive diseases (Shield et al., 2013).



Two of the main indicators of alcohol-dependence are tolerance (the need to drink more to achieve the same "high") and withdrawal symptoms (nausea, sweating, tremors, irritability, restlessness, hallucinations and convulsions) (American Psychological Association)

LEARN MORE ABOUT ALCOHOL USE DISORDER

Did you know?

https://static1.squarespace.com/static/5f7513577ec8ef6141ffd3d4/t/60ae8c0a9dbaab748e3ab841/1622051850270/Did+you+know+facts+poster.pdf

Canada's Guidance on Alcohol & Health: Why drinking less is better

https://ccsa.ca/sites/default/files/2023-01/CGAH-Drinking-Less-is-Better-en%20%28ID%2050809%29.pdf

https://www.healthlinkbc.ca/mental-health-substance-use/substance-use/alcohol-use

The Connection between Depression, Anxiety & Alcohol

https://www.heretohelp.bc.ca/sites/default/files/depression-anxiety-alcohol-and-other-drugs-2018.pdf

It is important to recognize the various stages of substance-use and pay attention to its role in your life

Non-use	Experimental Use	Social or recreational use	Regular Use	Problematic Use
Not using substances at all	The person tries substances for the first few times	The person seeks out and uses a substance for a social occasion	Substance use has become a regular part of the person's life	Use of substances has a negative impact on the person's daily life and may be affecting their physical and/or mental health

SUPPORT FOR FAMILY & CAREGIVERS

Resources for families affected by substance use:

https://www.interiorhealth.ca/sites/default/files/2021-11/Resources%20for%20Families%20Affected%20by%20Substance%

Al-Anon: Speak with people who share a common experience:

https://al-anon.org/al-anon-meetings/find-an-al-anon-meeting/

Dealing with addiction in your family - The coping kit:

https://www.bccsu.ca/wp-content/uploads/2018/11/Coping-Kit.pdf

Holding Hope for Canada - Join a support group:

https://www.holdinghopecanada.org/



FIRST NATIONS PATIENT RESOURCES:

Westbank First Nations Health & Wellness:

https://www.wfn.ca/programs-services/health-wellness.htm

<u>Supports for Mental Health & Substance Use:</u>
https://www.interiorhealth.ca/sites/default/files/PDFS/mental-wellness-resources-for-aboriginal-partners.pdf

Aboriginal Drug & Alcohol Program:

https://unfc.org/aboriginal-drug-alcohol-program

Indigenous Harm Reduction Practices & Principles:

https://www.fnha.ca/WellnessSite/WellnessDocuments/FNHA-Indigenous-Harm-Reduction-Principles-and-Practices-Fact-Sheet.pdf

MANAGEMENT TOOLS & HARM REDUCTION

Safer Drinking Tips:

https://www.heretohelp.bc.ca/sites/default/files/safer-drinking-beer-wine-and-spirits-2020.pdf

Suggestions for Reducing, Stopping or Changing Drinking Habits:

https://www.healthline.com/health/alcohol/sav-no-to-alcohol

https://www.health.harvard.edu/staying-healthy/11-ways-to-curb-your-drinking

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Online Tools for Managing Substance Use:

https://keltymentalhealth.ca/substance-use-and-youth

https://www.smartrecovery.org/

https://www.wellnesstogether.ca/en-ca/category/substances



If you are in crisis and not able to visit or get in touch with your local Mental Health & Substance Use Centre, please contact the Interior Crisis Line Network at 1-888-353-2273 for immediate assistance.

